

Public Interest Law Concentration

Since its founding, Southwestern has held public interest as a central component of its curriculum and philosophy. Southwestern encourages public service through a rich selection of programs, courses, activities, and individual pursuits. Located in the "public interest corridor" in Los Angeles, Southwestern provides students with numerous opportunities to serve the community. Students participating in public interest work during law school is not only a rewarding way to make a difference in the community but also an opportunity to learn and cultivate lawyering skills of value in any practice area.

Eligibility

To receive optimal advising, students are encouraged to register for the Concentration at the end of their first year (end of the third semester for part-time students), or as soon as possible thereafter. To register for the Concentration, students must be in good academic standing.

A student who completes the Concentration program with at least six graded units of core and elective courses and graduates with a Concentration grade point average of 3.33 or higher will receive the following designation on the student's transcript: "Concentration in Public Interest Law with Honors." A student's Concentration grade point average will be calculated at the time of the student's graduation in the following manner:

- every graded course a student has taken on the list of core and elective courses below is included in the Concentration grade point average and weighted in accordance with the number of units of that course; and
- a student's grade in Constitutional Law I & II and Legal Profession courses will also be included in the Concentration grade point average and weighted in accordance with each course's units

Curricular Requirements

To obtain a J.D. Concentration in Public Interest Law, a student must take at least 15 credits of Core and Elective Courses from the list below.

In addition, to obtain the Concentration, a student must provide at least 75 hours of pro bono public service cumulatively during law school. To qualify for pro bono public service, work must be performed under the supervision of a licensed attorney or faculty member, and students may not receive compensation or academic credit.

Public service work is broadly defined, and includes the following:

- 1. Provision of direct legal services to the traditionally underrepresented, and other related work on issues furthering the interests of groups and individuals who cannot afford adequate legal representation;
- 2. Community legal services, including volunteering with the Small Claims Court Clinic or the annual JusticeBus spring break trip to serve a rural California community or with law-related educational and legal diversity pipeline programs, such as Southwestern's Hoover Mock Trial and Teen Court Programs, as well as student-organization community services such as Homelessness Prevention Law Project and the Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) Program;

3. Participation in research and activities for improving the law, the legal system, or the legal profession, as well as activities that relate to the development of lawyering skills such as translation services, interviewing, and guidance or counseling in law-related work.

Students can obtain a list of suggested opportunities that qualify for public service through the Southwestern Public Service Program TWEN website, visiting the Southwestern Legal Clinic, or communicating with Michelle Takagishi-Almeida, Director of Public Service Programs. Information on public interest opportunities can also be found in the Career Services and Externship offices. Other public service work will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

1. CORE COURSES

A. Foundational Substantive Courses: Students must take at least one course from the following courses:

Employment Discrimination Law (2 credits)
Environmental Law (3 credits)
Family Law (2 credits)
Immigration Law (2 credits)
Public International Law (3 credits)
Public Interest Law Practice (2 credits)

B. Clinic, Externship, or Practicum Courses: Students must take at least two courses and at least six credits total from the following courses:

Advanced Children's Rights Clinic (1 credit)

Advanced Community Lawyering Clinic (1 credit)

Advanced Immigration Law Clinic (1 credit)

Advanced Street Law Clinic (1 credit)

Amicus Project Practicum (2 credits)

Appellate Litigation Clinic (5 credits)

Children's Rights Clinic (5 credits)

Community Lawyering Clinic (5 credits)

Entertainment & the Arts Legal Clinic I & II (3 credits)

Externship (approved sites related to public interest only)

Family Law Clinic (5 credits)

Immigration Law Clinic (5 credits)

Removal Defense Clinic (3 credits)

Street Law Clinic (3 credits)

Youth Offender Parole Clinic (6 credits)

C. Skills Courses: Students must take at least one course and at least two credits total from the following courses:

Advanced Legal Writing (2 credits)

Alternative Dispute Resolution (2 or 3 credits)

Appellate Process and Brief Drafting (1 credit)

Art of Persuasion (1 credit)

Cannabis Law, Evolution of (1 credit)

Capstone: Employment Law (3 credits)

Civil Pretrial Practice (3 credits)

Courtroom Procedure 101 (1 credit)

eDiscovery (1 credit)

Interviewing, Counseling & Negotiation (3 credits)

Medical/Legal Aspects of Elder Care (1 credit)

Moot Court Honors Program (up to 3 credits may apply)

Negotiation & Dispute Resolution (2 credits)

Negotiation Honors Program (up to 3 credits may apply)

Small Law Practice Management (2 credits)

Trial Advocacy (2 or 3 credits)

Trial Advocacy Honors Program (up to 3 credits may apply)

2. ELECTIVE COURSES

To the extent that the required 15 Concentration credits are not satisfied by a student's taking additional Core Courses from the courses listed above, students must satisfy the remaining Concentration credits by taking Elective courses from the following list:

California Civil Procedure (2 credits)

Children and the Law (2 credits)

Community Property (2 credits)

Criminal Law Seminar: Contemporary Issues (2 credits)

Crimmigration (2 or 3 credits)

Critical Race Theory Seminar (2 credits)

Employment-Based Immigration Law (1 credit)

Employment Law Survey (3 credits)

Family Law Procedure & Practice (3 credits)

Federal Indian Law (2 credits)

International Labor & Employment Law Seminar (2 credits)

International Protection of Human Rights Seminar (2 credits)

Labor Law (3 credits)

Land Use Regulation (3 credits)

Law & Religious Institutions Seminar (2 credits)

Legal Arguments about Moral & Political Issues Seminar (2 credits)

Legislation (2 credits)

Media as an International Human Right (2 credits)

National Security Law (3 credits)

Race and the Law Seminar (2 credits)

Remedies (2 or 3 credits)

Restorative Justice (1 credit)

Special Education Law Seminar (2 credits)

Survey of Federal Income Tax (3 credits)

Trial of Jesus Seminar (2 credits)

Women & the Law Seminar (2 credits)

Youth at Risk (2 credits)